The Revenue Cycle

The Critical Steps in Revenue Cycle Management

Explanation of the Revenue Cycle process

- Capturing accurate data is the first step to successful data management
- revenue cycle in healthcare entails the capture, collection, and management of patient data.
- revenue cycle is the entire process of the patient billing process from registration until the last step of bill payment
- the process of the revenue cycle contains specific list of responsibilities that contribute to effective management of revenues

Steps Involved in the Revenue Cycle: 1. Pre-registration

- This step begins even before a patient is enrolled in a system
- One of the key functions performed at this stage is eligibility determination
- hospital evaluates a patient/customer for their ability to pay for services offered.
- At this stage, healthcare facilities capture critical information such as eligibility, and insurance information to determine the next course of action
- The information collected goes to the patient's insurance company as well as the provider's management system

2. Patient Registration/Authorization

- patient information collected at the pre-registration stage is formally recorded into a provider's patient record system.
- Important details such as demographic data and other relevant data are captured
- healthcare providers collect Co-payment information to ensure they get paid for services delivered
- healthcare providers get critical information from patients/customers that can help them to get the payment processed and authorized by payers

3. Benefits Verification/charge capture

- Here, providers determine the payment method that the customer/payment will use to pay for services delivered
- the billing method used depends on the customer's payment information provided at the registration stage.
- This is where all charges are individually captured and the bills forwarded to insurance firms/payers
- All verifications are done to eliminate mistakes

. Utilization Review and Coding

- health organizations confirm that the plan adopted can cover the medical services
- minimize costs by making a determination of appropriate treatment.
- coding helps hospitals identify written descriptions of items, services, procedures, and other billable services
- codes that hospitals use to claim payment from payers.
- Additional helpful information are vetted at this stage

Claim Submission

- ▶ a healthcare provider sends information to insurance companies for payment.
- revenue are analyzed as well as the diagnosis code related to the charge before sending the information to payers
- All services offered are separated by a code so that the payment information is clear.
- the next step is for hospitals to submit the claims to insurance companies for payment to be released in accordance with the terms and conditions agreed upon.

Remittance Processing and Insurance follow-up

- after all, remittance claims have been sent out to the payers, the payers will send back the remittances
- The remittances will include a detailed history of the services provided and their costs.
- At this stage, payers perform a determination of allowables which are what healthcare providers have in contract with insurance firms (Naus, Faint & Dwyer, 2018)
- It is at this stage where hospitals collect payment payers where bills were sent to.

Patient Collections

- In this step, healthcare facilities analyze the status of their accounts by monitoring all outstanding and unpaid balances
- hospitals decide to collect all pending payments or balances from patients
- hospitals avoid incurring huge debts from unpaid balances that could cripple their administrative and clinical operations.

The Key Responsibilities of People Who Work In the Revenue Cycle Process

- Administrative staff are responsible for capturing patient information and data during the registration process.
- Billing department is responsible for liaising with other departments to ensure that they have proper customer information before presenting them to the payers
- Receiving department is responsible for collecting the appropriate customer information critical for the billing process

Conclusion

- A revenue cycle is a critical tool in healthcare that healthcare providers use for the collection and management of revenues obtained from patient bills.
- There are several steps involved in a revenue cycle that are critical for hospitals to effectively collect and manage revenues from patients
- A revenue cycle helps healthcare hospitals efficiently collect and manage revenues collected from patients/customers
- important departments that deal with the revenue cycle include administrative staff, accounts receivables office, the billing office, and other departments

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